

*21:460:323*

## **Rocks And Minerals**

**COURSE DESCRIPTION:** A detailed introduction to rocks and minerals – the essential materials of the solid earth. Classification and systematic study of the chemical and physical properties of the common rock-forming mineral groups; textural and mineral compositional studies of common igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rock groups.

**STUDY MATERIAL:**

- Mineralogy and optical mineralogy by Dyar, Counter and Tasa (Mineralogical Society of America) Principles of Igneous and metamorphic petrology, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition; J.D. Winter (Prentice Hall).
- Handouts from other sources provided throughout the semester.
- Samples collection (Lab)

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** By the end of the course, students should be able to do the following:

- Describe the general chemical features of the solid earth, including the major chemical differences between the earth's core, mantle, and crust.
- Describe the most common rock types in the crust and upper mantle.
- Know the 8 most common elements and 7 most common minerals of the crust, and describe the connections.
- Explain the chemical basis of our classification scheme for minerals.
- Given the chemical formula of a mineral, classify the mineral into the appropriate mineral class. Identify minerals using physical property tests and determinative tables.
- Know the common mineralogic classification schemes for all igneous rock compositions.
- Know the common mineralogic classification schemes for all metamorphic rock compositions.
- Be able to interpret common binary and ternary phase diagrams for a variety of crystallization and melting paths.
- Compare and contrast chemical compositions of igneous rocks from the various plate tectonic settings.
- Know the phase rule and how it applies to igneous and metamorphic rocks. Plot metamorphic assemblages on AFM and ACF diagrams.
- Track a reaction series in pelitic metamorphic rocks on an AFM diagram showing reactions.
- Be able to identify and interpret hand samples and especially thin sections of igneous and metamorphic rocks and describe their genesis using theory from the lecture part of the class.

**COURSE SCHEDULE** (subject to change based on class needs and performance)

<b>Week</b>	<b>Lecture/Lab</b>	<b>Ch.</b>
Week 1	Review of Mineralogy	1
	<b>PART I: MINERALOGY</b>	
Week 2	Lecture: Mineral chemistry and hand sample	2, 3
	Lab: Hand sample and Periodic table	
Week 3	Lecture: Crystallography and Optical Mineralogy	4, 5
	Lab: Crystallography and Optical Mineralogy	
Week 4	Lecture: Optical mineralogy and mineral systematics	5, 6
	Lab: Optical mineralogy and phase diagrams	7
Week 5	Lecture: <b>Midterm Exam</b>	
	Lab: <b>Midterm Exam</b>	
	<b>PART II: MINERALS</b>	
Week 6	Lecture: X-Ray Diffraction	10, 15
	Lab: X-Ray Diffraction	
Week 7	Lecture: Silicate minerals	22
	Lab: Sample analyses	
Week 8	Lecture: Non-silicate minerals	23
	Lab: Sample analyses	
	<i>Spring Break</i>	
Week 9	Lecture: <b>Midterm Exam</b>	
	Lab: <b>Midterm Exam</b>	
	<b>PART III: IGNEOUS PETROLOGY</b>	
Week 10	Lecture: Introduction to Igneous Petrology.	2, 5
	Lab: Crystallization of Magma	
Week 11	Lecture: Igneous rocks. Phase Diagrams.	2, 5
	Lab: Sample analyses	
Week 12	Lecture: Chemical Classification and tectonic setting of igneous rocks.	
	Lab: Sample analyses (SEM)	
	<b>PART IV: METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY</b>	
Week 13	Lecture: Introduction to Metamorphic Petrology. Metamorphic minerals, textures.	2, 7
	Lab: Sample Analyses	
Week 14	Lecture: Metamorphic facies and zones. Metamorphic reactions and Phase Diagrams	7
	Lab: Sample analyses	
	<b>Petrology Exam</b>	